

### IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows.

1. (Currently Amended) A circuit comprising:

a receiver including an input node to receive a transfer signal, and an output node to pass only the transfer signal from the input node to the output node; and

a signal detector connected to the receiver to generate an internal signal based on the transfer signal, wherein the signal detector is configured to hold the internal signal at a first signal level when the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first signal level and a second signal level, ~~and~~ wherein the signal detector is configured to hold the internal signal at the second signal level when the transfer signal stops switching, wherein the transfer signal is transferred to the receiver based on a send signal, wherein the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and second signal levels when the send signal has a first selected level of the first and second signal levels, wherein the transfer signal stops switching when the send signal has a second selected level of the first and second signal levels, and wherein the send and internal signals have the same frequency.

2. (Original) The circuit of claim 1, wherein signal detector includes a detect circuit to detect for changes in voltage levels represented by the transfer signal.

3. (Original) The circuit of claim 2, wherein signal detector further includes a switching circuit to switch the internal signal between the first and second signal levels.

4. (Original) The circuit of claim 3, wherein signal detector further includes a holding circuit to hold the internal signal at one of the first and second signals.

5. (Currently Amended) An integrated circuit comprising:  
a plurality of terminals;

a number of transmitters connected to a first group of terminals of the plurality of terminals to transmit signals to the first group of terminals;

a number of receivers connected to a second group of terminals of the plurality of terminals to receive signals from the second group of terminals; and

a signal detector connected to at least one of the receivers to control an internal signal based on a transfer signal received from a selected terminal of the second group of terminals by one of the receivers, wherein the signal detector is configured to switch the internal signal from a first signal level to a second signal level when the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and second signal levels, ~~and~~ wherein the signal detector is configured to switch the internal signal from the second signal level back to the first signal level when the transfer signal stops switching, wherein the transfer signal is transferred to the selected terminal based on a send signal, wherein the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and second signal levels when the send signal has a first selected level of the first and second signal levels, wherein the transfer signal stops switching when the send signal has a second selected level of the first and second signal levels, and wherein the send and internal signals have the same frequency.

6. (Original) The integrated circuit of claim 5, wherein the transmitters and the receivers are configured to transfer data via the terminals according to peripheral component interconnect (PCI) express standard.

7. (Original) The integrated circuit of claim 5, wherein the transmitters and the receivers are configured to transfer data via the terminals according to serial digital video output (SDVO) standard.

8. (Original) The integrated circuit of claim 5, wherein the transmitters and the receivers are configured to transfer data via the terminals according both a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) express standard and a serial digital video output (SDVO) standard.

9. (Currently Amended) The integrated circuit of claim 5 further comprising a transmitting circuit, the transmitting circuit including:

an input node to receive ~~[[a]] the~~ send signal having the first and second signal levels;  
and

an output node to transfer the transfer signal to the selected terminal of the second group of terminals, ~~wherein the transmitting circuit is configured to hold the transfer signal at one of the first and second signal levels when the send signal has the first signal level, and wherein the transmitting circuit repeatedly switches the transfer signal between the first and second signal levels when the send signal has the second signal level.~~

10. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

a plurality of connectors, each of the connectors including a number of pins; and  
a chipset including a chipset interface connected to at least one of the connectors, the chipset interface including:

a plurality of terminals connected to at least one of the connectors;  
a plurality of transmitters connected to the terminals, at least one of the transmitters is configured to transmit output differential signals;

a plurality of receivers connected to the terminals, at least one of the receivers is configured to receive input differential signals; and

a signal detector connected to at least one of the receivers to hold an internal signal at a first signal level based on a presence of a repeated switching of a transfer signal among the input differential signals, and to hold the internal signal at a second signal level based on an absence of the repeated switching of the transfer signal, wherein the transfer signal is transferred to the receiver based on a send signal, wherein the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and second signal levels when the send signal has a first selected level of the first and second signal levels, wherein the transfer signal stops switching when the send signal has a second selected level of the first and second signal levels, and wherein the send and internal signals have the same frequency.

- 
11. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein one of the connectors is configured to transfer signals according to peripheral component interconnect (PCI) express standard.
12. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein one of the connectors is configured to transfer signals according to serial digital video output (SDVO) standard.
13. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the interface of the chipset is configured to drive a digital display monitor.
14. (Original) The system of claim 10 further comprising a card having a number of pins connected to one of the connectors.
15. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 14, wherein the card includes a transmitting circuit, the transmitting circuit including:
- an input node to receive ~~[[a]]~~ the send signal having a first signal level and second signal level; and
  - an output node connected to one of the pins of the card to transfer the transfer signal to one of the pins, ~~wherein the transmitting circuit is configured to create the presence of the repeated switching of the transfer signal when the send signal has the first signal level, and to create the absence of the repeated switching of the transfer signal when the send signal has the second signal level.~~
16. (Original) The system of claim 10 further comprising a motherboard in which the connectors and the chipset are located.
17. (Original) The system of claim 10 further comprising a processor connected to one of the connectors.

18. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

receiving a transfer signal at an input node of a receiver and passing only the transfer signal from the input node to an output node of the receiver, wherein the transfer signal is transferred to the receiver based on a send signal, wherein the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and second signal levels when the send signal has a first selected level of first and second signal levels, and wherein the transfer signal stops switching when the send signal has a second selected level of the first and second signal levels;

monitoring the transfer signal;

holding an internal signal at a first signal level when the transfer signal stays at one of the first signal level and a second signal level;

holding the internal signal at a second signal level when the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and second signal levels; and

switching the internal signal from the second signal level to the first signal level when the transfer signal stops switching, wherein the send and internal signals have the same frequency.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18 further comprising:

holding the internal signal at the first signal level after transfer signal stops switching.

20. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein monitoring includes detecting for changes in signal levels of the transfer signal.

21. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein one of the first signal level and the second signal level represents one of a voltage level and ground.

22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18, ~~wherein the transfer signal is generated based on a send signal;~~ wherein each of send signal and the internal signal has a frequency lower than the frequency of the transfer signal.

23.-24. (Canceled)

- 
25. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:  
monitoring a transfer signal;  
holding an internal signal at a first signal level when the transfer signal stays at one of the  
first signal level and a second signal level;  
holding the internal signal at a second signal level when the transfer signal repeatedly  
switches between the first and second signal levels; and  
switching the internal signal from the second signal level to the first signal level when the  
transfer signal stops switching, wherein the transfer signal is generated based on a send signal,  
wherein each of send signal and the internal signal has a frequency lower than the frequency of  
the transfer signal, and wherein the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and  
second signal levels when the send signal has the first signal level, wherein the transfer signal  
stops switching when the send signal level has the second signal level, and The method of claim  
24, wherein the send signal and the internal signal have the same frequency.
26. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein holding the internal signal at the first signal level occurs when the transfer signal stays at one of the first and second signal levels for a time interval equal to at least one cycle of the transfer signal.
27. (Original) The method of claim 26, wherein holding the internal signal at the second signal level occurs when the transfer signal repeatedly switches between the first and second signal levels such that the transfer signal has at least two consecutive cycles.